



Timely information for agriculture

High Yields - Plan to Keep Up on P and K

Improved crop varieties and practices have been delivering higher and higher yields. Along with higher yields comes higher crop removal of macronutrients like phosphorus and potassium. If your fertilization rates has not changed (e.g., only starter P for wheat), you may be removing more P and K than you are adding each year. To keep soil fertility levels from dropping, be sure that you are adjusting P and K rates to account for higher crop removal from recent yields. Soybean removes exceptionally large amounts of K, over twice as much as a good wheat yield. If you grow soybean, keep an eye on your test K over time; soil test levels may be falling as you remove K faster than you think!

For more information and graphs on how much P & K are removed from different crops and yields click on the link below:

[CLICK FOR ARTICLE](#)

Looking for more soil fertility information? Go to www.agvise.com and click on Agronomic Information, then Educational Articles. There you can find over 130 educational articles to answer many questions you may have about soil fertility.

Have a great spring! (When the snow melts!)

Interesting article, thought that it was a good read – figured that I'd forward it on!

Thanks,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Joe Kremer". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.